

# How to Optimise Your Ad Budget with Cross-Media Measurement

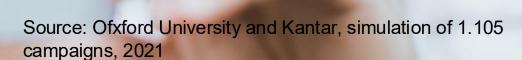
First we need to ask ourselves

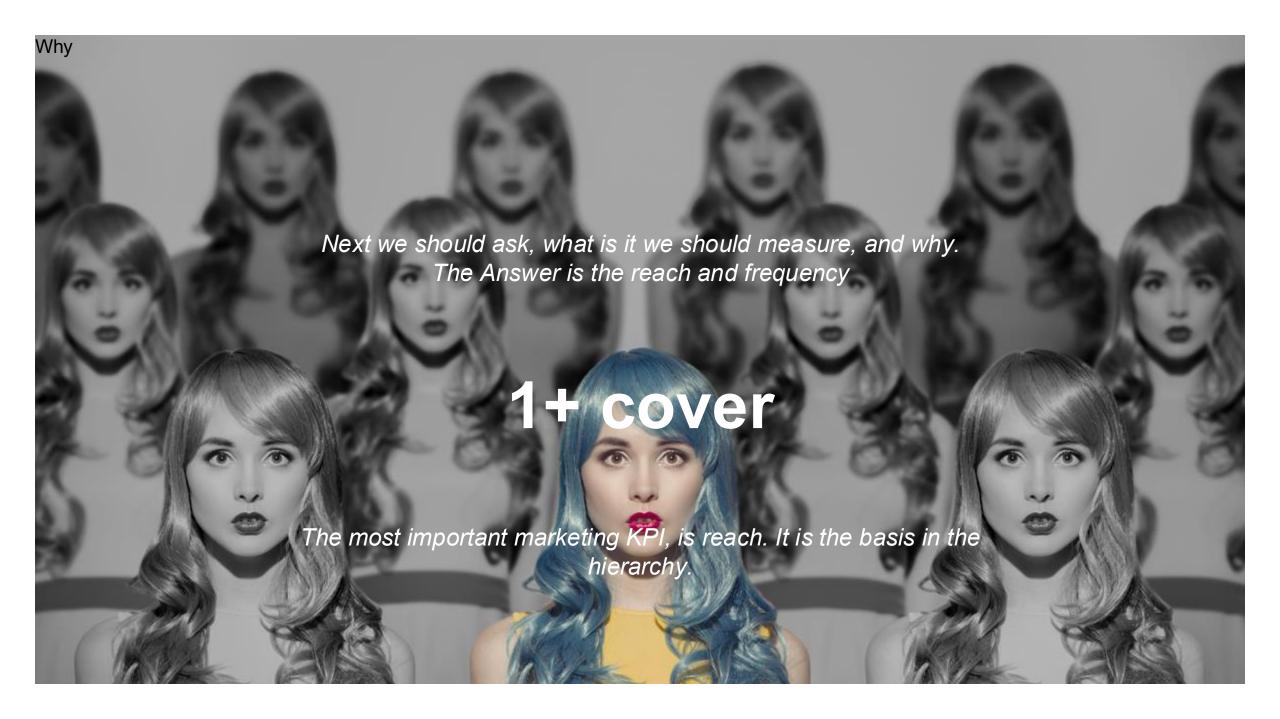
### WHY CROSS-MEDIA MEASUREMENT

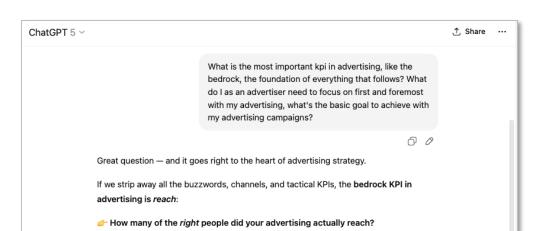
**OXFORD UNIVERSITY** 

## The average media plan could be 2.6x more effective with a different media mix

And simulations in our campaign data base points to the same direction.







No reach = no effect. If your message doesn't get in front of people, nothing else

 Reach is the gateway to everything else. Frequency, engagement, awareness, consideration, sales uplift — all of these depend on first having reached enough of

Quality of reach matters as much as quantity. It's not just about numbers, but

But none of these matter without sufficient reach within your target audience. That's

So if you're asking "What should I focus on first and foremost?" → Ensure your

campaign achieves enough reach among right audience segment to actually

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From there, you can layer on secondary KPIs depending on your campaign goals:

reaching the right people (your target group) cost-effectively.

If you want awareness, track aided/unaided recall.

If you want consideration, track engagement or brand lift.

· If you want sales, track conversions or incremental uplift.

the foundation stone on which all advertising effectiveness is built.

Here's why:

your target audience.

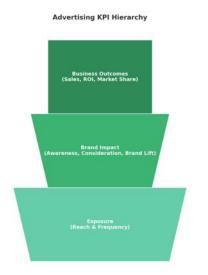
influence market outcomes.

+ Ask anything

What is the most important kpi in advertising, like the bedrock, the foundation of everything that follows? What do I as an advertiser need to focus on first and foremost with my advertising, what's the basic goal to achieve with my advertising campaigns?

How many of the right people did your advertising actually reach?

Perfect deliberary Here's a simple Advertising KPI Hierarchy you can use as a framework. Think of it as a pyramid - foundation first, then build upwards: Foundation: Exposure Reach = how many of the right people saw your ad · Frequency = how often they saw it (This ensures your message actually lands in the minds of enough people) Middle Layer: Brand Impact · Awareness (aided/unaided recall, brand recognition) · Consideration (brand preference, intent to buy) Brand lift (change in attitudes or perceptions caused by the campaign) (This shows whether your reach is translating into mental availability and brand equity) ◆ Top Layer: Business Outcomes · Sales uplift / Conversions (incremental sales, leads, sign-ups) Market share growth · ROI / ROAS (Return on Ad Spend) (This connects advertising back to the business bottom line) Reach is the foundation KPI → without it, nothing else happens. · Brand impact proves whether reach is meaningful. . Business outcomes show if advertising is paying off.



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Even a hundred years ago advertisers and media spent a lot of time and resources to discover the cross-media reach and frequency.

If you think it is difficult today and costs too much, think what it must have been in 1930 when the first electronic media meter was developed.

I say the advertiser were led to side track during the last 15-20 years.

Let me tell you why.



It wasn't the birth of mobile media.
It wasn't the internet advertising.
It wasn't the fragmented media usage as such.
It wasn't the social media as such.

It was due to siloed measurement caused by the rise of walled gardens.

Suddenly advertisers accepted that they only get one campaign measurement from there, and another here and a third one from over there.

With no full picture available of the overlaps, incerementality, or the price of the previous.





Who is your campaign reaching?



How many is your campaign reaching?



How often is your campaign reaching them?

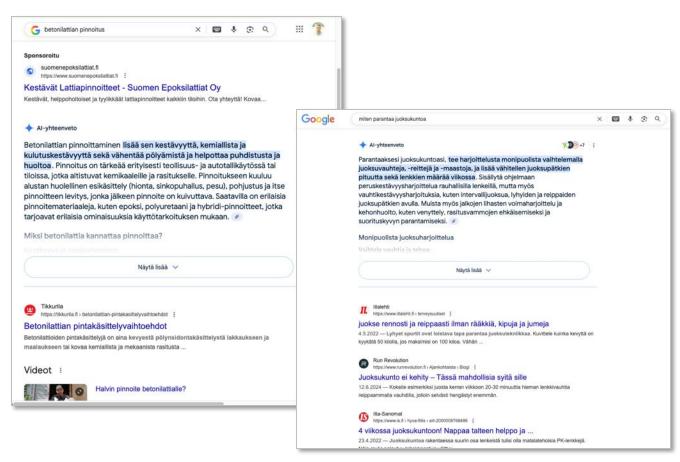
...and how does each channel contribute?

### But we have more reasons WHY to do cross-media measurement today

#### Instantly Adapt Your Ad spend to Changes in Media Usage

e.g. Al summaries in search results decreased traffic to publishers' sites in US by 15 % just in 8 weeks.

For more, look for my LinkedIn post



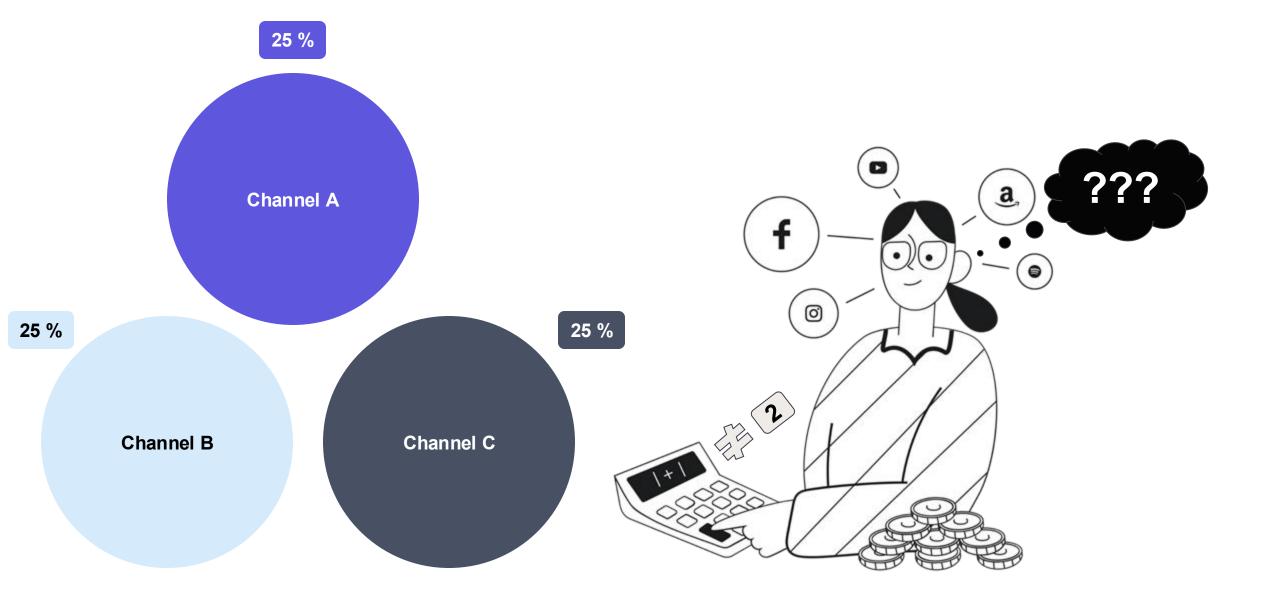
#### Your MMMs require Cross-media R&F data

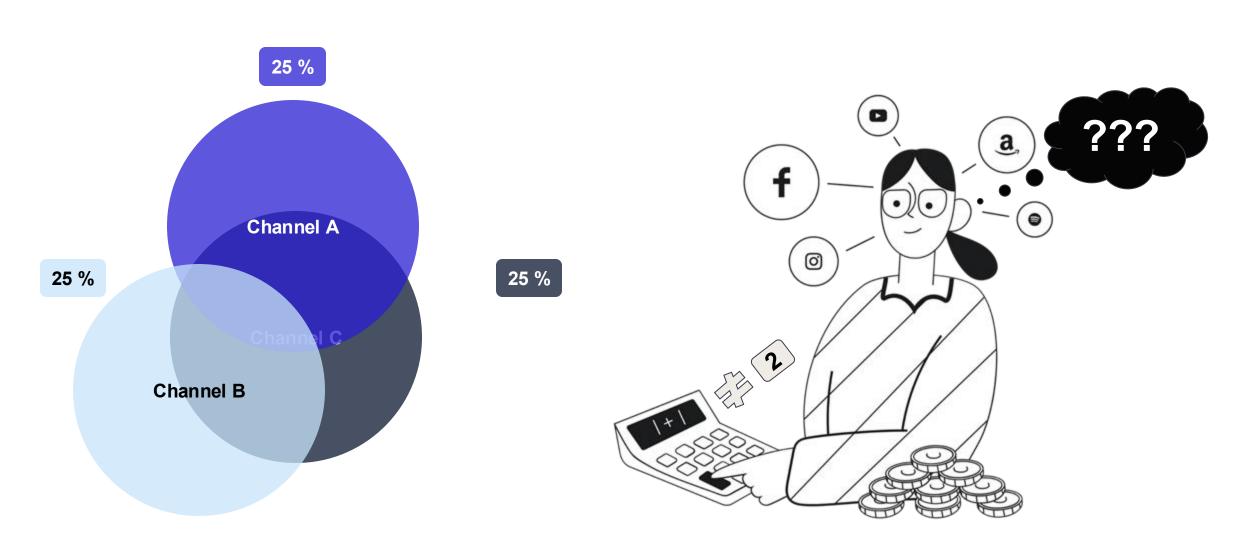


'By incorporating R&F into MMM models, the new methodology is shown to produce more accurate estimates of the impact of marketing on business outcomes and helps users optimize their campaign execution based on optimal frequency recommendations.'

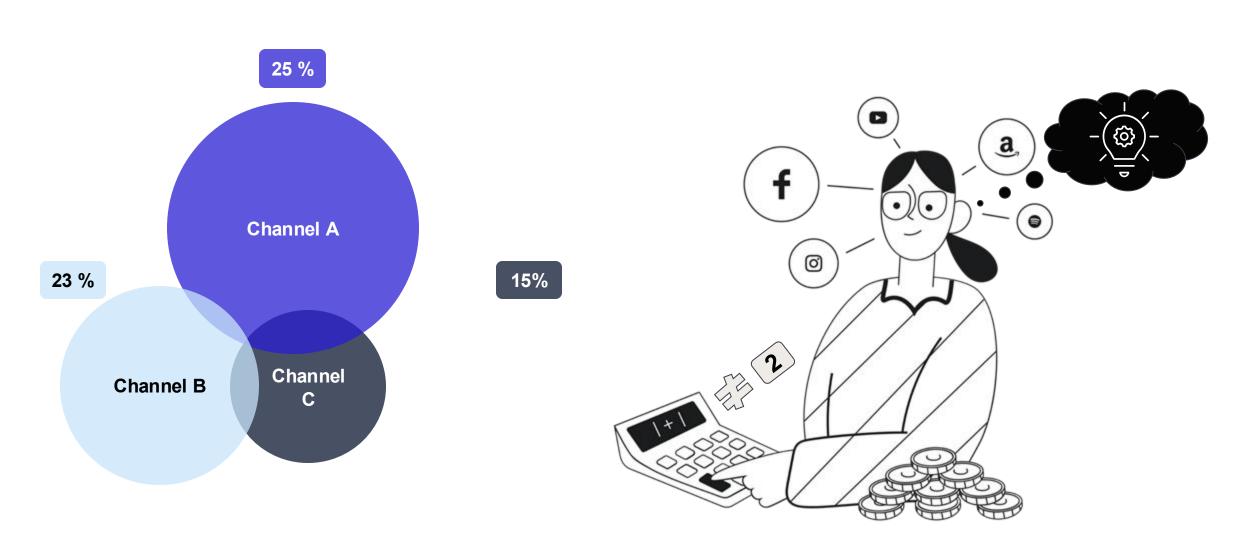
Yingxiang Zhang, Mike Wurm, Alexander Wakim, Eddie Li, Ying Liu

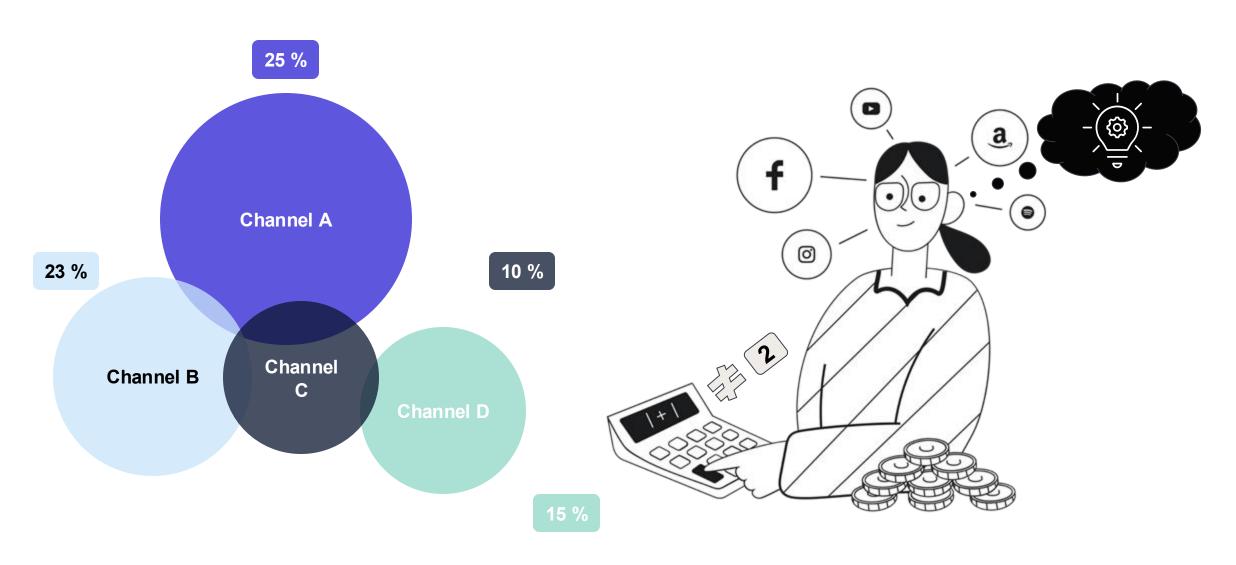
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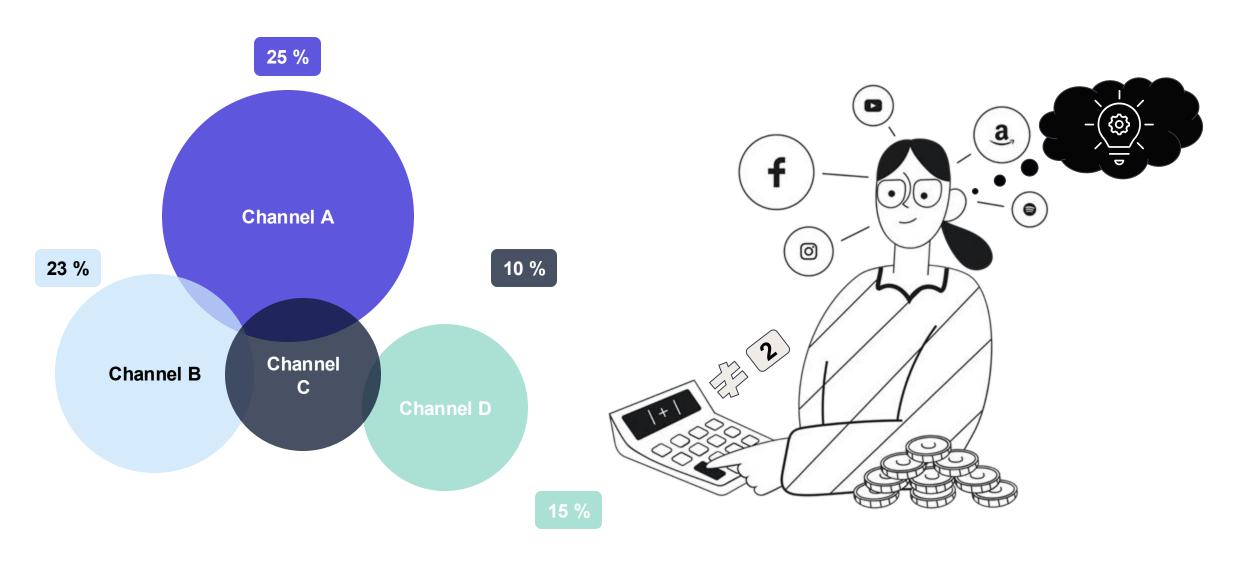
25 % + 25 % + 25 % = 58 % = 100 €





25 % + 23 % + 10 % + 15 % = 65 % = 100 €

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58 % → 65 %

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Reach more people with the same budget

OR

Reach the same number of people with less budget



#### Cross-media measurement check-list

- 1. It has to be a measurement, not an educated guess, or an opinion
- 2. To optimize is an iterative process
- 3. Constant measurement, always-on
- 4. Cross-media Human reach and frequency not devices, ip-addresses etc.
- 5. Channel overlaps and incrementality
- 6. Budget and costs must be included channel by channel
- 7. State of the art technology approved by the ad platforms to ensure commensurability
- 8. It has to be made by a neutral 3<sup>rd</sup> party



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